

# **Handouts**

# Leadership

Developing and Using an MTSS Problem-Solving Team



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# **MTSS Problem-Solving Team Roles**

Leadership				
Team leader:				
Data Manageme	ent and Analysis L	eads		
Assessment admini	stration:			
Data management	system:			
Data report creatio	n:			
Data analysis and ir	nterpretation:			
Subject Special	ists			
	Reading	Writing	Mathematics	Behavior
Instruction		·	·	
Intervention				
Professional development				
and ongoing				
support				
support				
support				

## Resources

### **Meetings After Screening**

Structured data meetings:

www.elitetexas.org/resources-sl/implementing-structured-data-meetings-for-english-learners

### **Observation Forms**

- Core observation tool: <a href="https://meadowscenter.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/Instructional\_Observation1.pdf">https://meadowscenter.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/Instructional\_Observation1.pdf</a>
- Fidelity checklist: https://meadowscenter.org/wp-content/uploads/2019-FidelityChecklist.pdf
- Intervention observation tool: https://meadowscenter.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/Intervention Observation1.pdf

### **Progress-Monitoring Data**

Collaborative instructional logs:

https://meadowscenter.org/resource/collaborative-instructional-logs

### **Features of Effective Instruction**

- Checklist for core instruction or intervention:
   https://meadowscenter.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/12/Observing Features.pdf
- Walkthrough tools: <u>https://meadowscenter.org/resource/instructional-walkthrough-tools</u>

# Sample Collaborative Instructional Log: Reading

	Special Education Individualized Education Program (199) Specially Designed Instruction: Small-group fluency (15 min) + word shull (15 min) Comprehensive Reading Instruction Setting: -Regular class room claiby Intervention Setting: (Resource room! 5 x week for 30 min. Group: "Wolves" (Regular class room)		
Grade 44 Homeroom Teacher	Comprehensive Reading Program Rading for Context Teacher Amount of Time 90 min. Time of Day 8:30-10:00	Teacher(s) Responsible Responsible	
Grad	Annuel Reading Goels -Read grade level text w/98% + accuracy -Read w/proper expression + adequate reste Intervention Exit Criteria: MOY: Accur= 97%, Rata=103 MOY: Accur= 98%, Rata=103 EDY: Accur= 98%, Rata=103	y Intervention  of reacting—  of the can is  contract  structuracy  st	
Studen	Baseline/Current Reading Assessment Instrument DIBELS Newt Date 9/4 Phonemic Awareness PHonics (NWE CLS)= 35/57 PHONICS (NWE CLS)= 35/57 PHONICS (NWE CLS)= 25/57	Intervention Period Priori    9/5 - 9/21   -Repeate   10 - 10:30   -Repeate   10 - 10:30   -Repeate   Progress Goals   Priori   FL 57   Words   -Build   Priori   9/24 - 10/5   -Repeated   10 - 10:30   -Compane   10 - 10:30   -Compane   Schedule   -Teach   Rediny   Schedule   -Teach   Repeated   10 - 10:30   -Teach   Repeated   R	

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Homeroom Tea	Grade 4th		
	(continued)		

Words with Blends" activity	11/5-11/21 - Continue to focus on phrasing  (dates)  10-10:30 - Explicitly point out punctuation (schedule)  Progress Goals PA CO PH VO FL 65  - Teach inpact of phrasing on comprehension.  - Teach CCVC - noe "Building	tervention Period	Co-10:30   Use "Fast Phrase" strategy   Schedule   Continue instruction of CVCC	10/22-11/2 - Teach difference between appropriate + inappropriate phrasing	Intervention Period Priority Intervention Strategies	Progress Goals Progress Goals PA CO — Modul word sort activity FL 61	10/9 - 10/19 - Continue to focus on speed+ 10-10:30 - Choral read to model	Intervention Period Priority Intervention Strategies
		Teacher(s) Responsible			Teacher(s) Responsible			Teacher(s) Responsible
	-Engaged when using multi-sensory approach -hoves building words w/sticky notes	Notes on Student Response	- She's beginning to see thear difference when listening to self- recording	- Continue wphrasing	Notes on Student Response	-Julia is trying to rush thru text.	-Phrasing is off - adjust instruction X	Notes on Student Response
	(score/benchmark/status)  PA	Progress Monitoring Assessment Data	PH <u>30/54/atri</u> sk FL <u>62/90/atrisk</u> CO//_ VO///	(score/benchmark/status) PA / /	Progress Monitoring Assessment Data	FL <u>62/90/ctri</u> sk CO/_/ VO//	(score/benchmark/status) PA / / なかいよ	Progress Monitoring Assessment Data

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Progress Montioring Assessment Date (score/benchmark/status)  PA / / / Atrisk  FL 70/103/atrisk  CO / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	Progress Monitoring Assessment Data (score/benchmark/status) PA 36/54/44risk CO // // // // // // // // // // // // //
Notes on Student Response  activity  Creat cross-curriula  Struggles with  olignaphs	Moy DIBELS Next  73 expm-Att  Accuracy not improving  as much as rate => Ramp up word study  Ramp up word study  Notes on Student Response
(Section Set)	Teacher(s) Teacher(s) Responsible
-Tape-assisted reading -Use passages with same content from science unit -Teach ceve pattern -Focus on difference between a blend + digraph - Tap out sounds in words	Priority/Intervention/Strategies  -Tape-assisted reading  -Continue to use passages  w/same content from science  -Teach CVCe pattern  -Use dry erase board to  teach how to mark up words  Priority Intervention Strategies
	Intervention Period   2 //le - 1 / 18  0 - 10 : 30

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# **Core Observation Checklists**

Teacher:	Observer:	Date:

# Kindergarten: Phonemic Awareness, Phonics, and Fluency

	Implementation		ion
Indicator	Full	Partial	No
A <b>minimum</b> of 30 minutes of phonemic awareness (PA), phonics, and fluency with phonics skills <b>daily</b>			
PA <b>daily</b> in the whole group			
PA <b>daily</b> in small groups			
Use of kinesthetic movements or Elkonin boxes during PA instruction			
Sound-by-sound blending in the whole group <b>daily</b>			
Sound-by-sound blending in small groups <b>daily</b>			
Use of sorts (pictures, letters, words) based on phonics elements <b>weekly</b>			
Use of decodable texts (especially with struggling students) daily			
(AFTER FEBRUARY) Phoneme-grapheme mapping with phonics and spelling words weekly			
Fluency games to build in review of phonics elements <b>daily</b>			
Fluency games to build in review of high-frequency words <b>daily</b>			
(AFTER FEBRUARY) Fluency games with phrases weekly			
(AFTER FEBRUARY) Partner reading with decodable texts and/or leveled texts daily			
Sound-spelling cards posted where students can see them easily			
Sound-spelling cards used <b>daily</b> as review			
Word wall with high-frequency words posted where students can see it easily			
Word wall used <b>daily</b> to build fluency with high-frequency words			

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Teacher:	Observer:	Date:

# Grade 1: Phonemic Awareness, Phonics, and Fluency

	Implementation		
Indicator	Full	Partial	No
A <b>minimum</b> of 30 minutes of PA, phonics, and fluency with phonics skills <b>daily</b>			
PA <b>daily</b> in the whole group			
PA <b>daily</b> in small groups			
Use of kinesthetic movements or Elkonin boxes during PA instruction			
Phoneme-grapheme mapping with phonics and spelling words <b>weekly</b>			
Sound-by-sound blending in the whole group <b>daily</b>			
Sound-by-sound blending in small groups <b>daily</b>			
Use of word sorts based on phonics elements <b>weekly</b>			
Use of decodable texts (especially with struggling students) daily			
Fluency games to build in review of phonic elements daily			
Fluency games to build in review of high-frequency words <b>daily</b>			
Fluency games with phrases weekly			
Partner reading with decodable texts and/or leveled texts daily			
Sound-spelling cards posted where students can see them easily			
Sound-spelling cards used <b>daily</b> as review			
Word wall with high-frequency words posted where students can see it easily			
Word wall used <b>daily</b> to build fluency with high-frequency words			

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# Grade 2: Phonemic Awareness, Phonics, and Fluency

	Impl	Implementation		
Indicator	Full	Partial	No	
A <b>minimum</b> of 30 minutes of PA, phonics, and fluency with phonics skills <b>daily</b>				
PA <b>daily</b> in the whole group				
PA <b>daily</b> in small groups for students who need it (e.g., some bilingual students)				
Use of Elkonin boxes or kinesthetic movements during PA instruction				
Phoneme-grapheme mapping with phonics and spelling words weekly				
Sound-by-sound blending in the whole group <b>daily</b>				
Syllable chunking and blending in the whole group <b>once or twice a week</b>				
Sound-by-sound blending and/or syllable chunking and blending in small groups daily for students who need it				
Use of word sorts based on phonic elements <b>weekly</b>				
Use of decodable texts either in the whole group or small groups with struggling students <b>daily</b>				
Fluency games to build in review of phonic elements <b>daily</b>				
Fluency games to build in review of high-frequency words <b>daily</b>				
Fluency games with phrases weekly				
Partner reading with decodable texts and/or leveled texts daily				
Sound-spelling cards posted where students can see them easily				
Sound-spelling cards used <b>daily</b> as review				
Word wall with high-frequency words posted where students can see it easily				
Word wall used <b>daily</b> to build fluency with high-frequency words				

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# Grade 3: Phonemic Awareness, Phonics, and Fluency

	Implementation		
Indicator	Full	Partial	No
A <b>minimum</b> of 25 minutes of phonics and fluency with phonics skills <b>daily</b>			
PA <b>daily</b> in small groups for students who need it (e.g., some bilingual students)			
Use of Elkonin boxes or kinesthetic movements during PA instruction			
Phoneme-grapheme mapping with phonics and spelling words <b>weekly</b>			
Sound-by-sound blending in the whole group <b>two to three times a week</b>			
Syllable chunking and blending in the whole group <b>two to three times a week</b>			
Sound-by-sound blending and/or syllable chunking and blending in small groups <b>daily</b> for students who need it			
Use of word sorts based on phonic elements <b>weekly</b>			
Use of decodable texts either in the whole group or in small groups with struggling students <b>daily</b>			
Fluency games to build in review of phonic elements three times a week			
Fluency games to build in review of high-frequency words <b>weekly</b>			
Fluency games with phrases <b>weekly</b>			
Partner reading with decodable texts and/or leveled texts daily			
Sound-spelling cards posted where students can see them easily			
Sound-spelling cards used <b>weekly</b> as review			
Word wall with high-frequency words posted where students can see it easily			
Word wall used <b>daily</b> to build fluency with high-frequency words			

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# Grades 4–5: Phonemic Awareness, Phonics, and Fluency

	Implementation		
Indicator	Full	Partial	No
A <b>minimum</b> of 20 minutes of phonics and fluency with phonics skills <b>daily</b>			
PA <b>one to two times a week</b> in small groups for students who need it (e.g., some bilingual students)			
Use of Elkonin boxes or kinesthetic movements during PA instruction			
Phoneme-grapheme mapping with phonics and spelling words <b>weekly</b>			
Sound-by-sound blending and/or syllable chunking and blending in the whole group <b>two to three times a week</b>			
Sound-by-sound blending and/or syllable chunking and blending in small groups <b>two to three times a week</b> for students who need it			
Use of word sorts based on phonic elements <b>weekly</b>			
Use of decodable texts either in the whole group or in small groups with struggling students <b>two to three times a week</b>			
Fluency games to build in review of phonic elements one to two times a week			
Fluency games to build in review of high-frequency words <b>weekly</b>			
Fluency games with phrases weekly			
Partner reading with decodable texts and/or leveled texts daily			
Sound-spelling cards posted where students can see them easily			
Sound-spelling cards used as needed as review			
Word wall with high-frequency words posted where students can see it easily			
Word wall used <b>daily</b> to build fluency with high-frequency words			

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# **Grades 6–8: English Language Arts and Reading Content Area Instruction**

	Implementation		
Indicator	Full	Partial	No
Advanced word study (e.g., multisyllabic word reading, morphology) and vocabulary are scheduled every day.			
Vocabulary words are previewed before reading a text.			
Students who need it practice building fluency or receive instruction in fluency every day.			
Teacher provides direct instruction related to high-level skills (e.g., text analysis, inference-making, summarizing).			
Teacher shows students how to ask their own questions at multiple levels.			
Students work collaboratively in groups or partners (i.e., in guided practice) before independent work.			
Teacher uses writing-to-learn strategies to help students develop and evaluate their thinking.			
Teacher provides students with authentic opportunities to practice the writing process.			
Students take pieces through the entire writing process, including revising and editing, and publish them (e.g., post them on walls, publish them in school papers or other publications).			
Teacher uses model texts for teaching grammar and other writing skills and strategies and posts these model texts in the classroom for students to access.			
Teacher-led small-group instruction is provided every day.			
Word walls with high-frequency words, vocabulary words, and/or morphemes are posted where students can see them easily.			
Teachers and students regularly use word walls during reading and writing instruction and practice.			

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# **Grade 9: English Content Area Instruction**

	Implementa		
Indicator	Full	Partial	No
Advanced word study (e.g., multisyllabic word reading, morphology) and vocabulary are scheduled every day.			
Vocabulary words are previewed before reading a text.			
Students who need it practice building fluency or receive instruction in fluency at least every other day.			
Teacher provides direct instruction related to high-level skills (e.g., text analysis, inference-making, summarizing).			
Teacher shows students how to ask their own questions at multiple levels.			
Students work collaboratively in groups or partners before independent work.			
Teacher uses writing-to-learn strategies to help students develop and evaluate their thinking.			
Teacher provides students with authentic opportunities to practice the writing process.			
Students take pieces through the entire writing process, including revising and editing, and publish them (e.g., post them on walls, publish them in school papers or other publications).			
Teacher uses model texts for teaching grammar and posts these model texts in the classroom for students to access.			
Teacher-led small-group instruction is provided at least every other day.			
Word walls with high-frequency words, vocabulary words, and/or morphemes are posted where students can see them easily.			
Teachers and students regularly use word walls during reading and writing instruction and practice.			

# **Sample Intervention Checklist**

Grade <u>1</u> Homeroom	Teache	r Interventior	nist		
Number of Students _	5	Type of Intervention	Tier II) Tier III	Date .	9-22-18

Reading Component		Time		Activity/Objective	Instruction/ Management		
	Start Time	End Time	Total Minutes		Mostly instructing	Often managing	Mostly managing
Phonemic Awareness	10:01	10:06	5	T provides S with word & S segments (2- & 3-phoneme words)		<b>✓</b>	
Phonics	10:09	10:19	10	Say sounds in words, blend to read words (long-e spelled "ee") Ss read decodable book aloud		<b>✓</b>	
Fluency	10:20	10:25	5	Ss reread decodable book 2 more times to partner while T listens	✓		
Vocabulary			0	None observed			
Comprehension	10:25	10:28	3	T calls on one S at a time to retell events in decodable book			<b>√</b>

NOTE: The components taught should reflect students' needs.

Intervention Instruction  The interventionist	3 Most of the time	2 Some of the time	1 Rarely	0 Not at all
1. Introduces the concepts and skills in <b>small steps</b>		2		
2. Explains concepts and skills in <b>clear and direct language</b>		2		
3. <b>Models</b> and demonstrates procedures with the use of <b>lots of examples</b>			1	
4. Checks initial practice items for correctness and provides immediate <b>feedback</b>			1	
5. Provides many opportunities for practice after initial presentation of task/skill		2		
6. Gives individual and/or group opportunities to respond		2		
7. Monitors students during an activity to be sure that they are performing correctly		2		
8. Provides <b>scaffolding</b> to assist students in their learning and practice				0
9. Uses <b>correction procedures</b> and provides feedback				0
10. <b>Paces instruction adequately</b> by transitioning quickly between tasks and allowing extra time when needed				0
11. Redirects off-task behavior when it occurs		2		
12. Is the intervention <b>lesson carefully and purposefully designed</b> by sequencing the task from easy to difficult?	YI	S	NO	)